全国 2020 年 8 月高等教育自学考试

国际商务英语试题

课程代码:05844

请考生按规定用笔将所有试题的答案写在答题纸上。

注意事项:

- 1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的考试课程名称、姓名、准考证号用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔填写在答题纸规定的位置上。
 - 2. 用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔将答案写在答题纸上,不能答在试题卷上。
- I. Translate the following words and expressions from English into Chinese:本大题共10 小题,每小题1分,共10分。
- 1. certificate of deposit
- 2. economic integration
- 3. international specialization
- 4. CFR
- 5. cross-border contracts
- 6. correspondent bank
- 7. certificate of origin
- 8. clean float
- 9. tax holiday
- 10. tariff concession
- II. Translate the following words and expressions from Chinese into English: 本大题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分。
- 11. 人均收入
- 12. 股东
- 13. 有效期
- 14. 远期汇票
- 15. 可撤销信用证
- 16. 契约承运人
- 17. 损失赔偿
- 18. (汇率)直接标价
- 19. 套期保值
- 20. 进出口比价

10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分。 a. the company that can make use of an L/C to get paid for its 21. expertise export

III. Match the words and expressions on the left with the explanations on the right; 本大题共

22. erode b. changes made to something 23. incentive c. the part in the bill of lading to whom the goods are shipped 24. amendment

another person

d. wear away, eat into 25. bundling e. to substitute a claim against one person for a claim against

in English: 本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分。

39. Give the major items of the contract proper.

26. beneficiary

27. consignee

34. confirming bank

28. subrogate h. expert knowledge or skill, esp. in a particular field; knowhow 29. stringent i. influence 30. clout j. that which incites, rouses or encourages a person IV. Make brief explanations of the following terms or give the full name of the abbreviation

f. strict, that must be obeyed

g. the exchanges of goods or services are tied together

31. contract proper 32. unload 33. middle man

35. APEC V. Answer the following questions in English: 本大题共 4 小题, 每小题 5 分, 共 20 分。

36. What are the three types of foreign exchange price? 37. What is the most common form of non-tariff barriers? Explain it in a few words.

38. What is a sight letter of credit? What is the advantage of it?

VI. Translate the following into Chinese: 本大题共 2 小题, 第 40 小题 7 分, 第 41 小题 8 分, 共 15 分。 40. Insurance is a risk transfer mechanism, whereby the individual or the business enterprise can shift some of the uncertainty of life onto the shoulders of others. In return for a known premium, usually a very small amount compared with the potential loss, the cost of that loss can be

transferred to an insurer. 41. Controlling costs is the first major motivation for engaging in FDI. A foreign country may have lower land prices, tax rates or cost of labor, all of which will reduce the production costs to a considerable degree. Transportation cost which may be very significant for some products will also encourage an enterprise to engage in production in the foreign market through FDI.

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VII. Translate the following into English: 本大题共 5 小题,每小题 5 分,共 25 分。

- 42. 对销贸易一般是与有关国家的政策目标相互联系的,如应对外汇短缺和扩大出口之类的问题。
- 43. 国民生产总值和国内生产总值是表明一国收入的两个重要概念。
- 44. 在国际贸易中进出口双方都面临风险,因为总存在对方不履约的可能。
- 45. 无论人们是否喜欢,经济全球化已成为世界经济发展中的一个客观趋势。
- 46. 除了国际贸易和投资,国际许可和特许经营有时也是进入国外市场的一种方式。